3.8.2.2 Qualifying contributions for the socio-economic development element are contained in Annexure 700 (A) – Benefit Factor Matrix of the Statement 700 of Code 700 of the Generic Codes of Good Practice.

The formulae required in the determination of the socio-economic development score are contained in Annexure 700 (A) of Statement 700 of Code 700 of the Generic Code of Good Practice.

Measurement principles required in evaluating socio economic development contributions made by QSEs within this sector are contained in Statement 807 of Code 800 of the Generic Codes of Good Practice

4. ROAD FREIGHT SUB-SECTOR BROAD-BASED BEE SCORECARD

B-BBEE Element	Indicators of Empowerment	Private Sector 5 Year Targets	Private Sector Weightings
Ownership	Exercisable voting rights in the hands of black people	25% + 1 vote	3
	Exercisable voting rights in the hands of black women	10%	2
	Economic Interest in the hands of black people	25%	4
	Economic Interest in the hands of black women	10%	2
	Economic Interest of following black natural people in the Enterprise: -black designated		
	groups, -black participants in Employee Ownership		
	Schemes, -black beneficiaries of Broad based Ownership Schemes		ļ
	;or -black participants in Co-operatives	2.5%	1
	Net Economic Interest/Net Value	25% graduated over 10 years as per the Codes (year 5 at 60%)	7
	Ownership Fulfilment	-	1

B-BBEE	Indicators of	Private Sector 5	Private Sector
Element	Empowerment	Year Targets	Weightings
	Bonus points:		
	Involvement in the	Ì	
	ownership of the		
	Enterprise of Black		
	new entrants	10%	2
	Bonus Points:		
	Involvement in the	'	
	ownership of the		
	Enterprise of Black		
İ	participants in:		
	Employee Ownership		
	Schemes,		
	Broad-Based		
	Ownership Schemes		
	or Co-operatives	10%	2
Management			
(Refer to	% of total exercisable		
management	voting rights in the		
sub-minimum	hands of black board		
target matrix)	members	50%	1.5
	% of total exercisable	00,0	
	voting rights in the		
	hands of black-women		
	board members	25%	1.5
	% Black persons who		****
	are executive directors	50%	1
1	% Black women who		
	are executive directors	25%	1
	¹ % of black people		•
	who hold senior top		
	management positions	40%	1.5
	% of black women		
	who hold senior top		
	management positions	20%	1.5
	% of black people who		
	hold other top		
	management positions	40%	1
	% of black women		
	who hold other top		
	management positions	20%	1

 $^{^1}$ If the measured entity is unable to distinguish between Senior Top Management and Other Top Management, both criteria may be combined into "Top Management" which is measurable as a single indicator with a target of 40% and a weighting of 2.5%, and "Women Top Management", which is measurable as a single indicator with a target of 20% and a weighting of 2.5%

Owner-driver schemes will only be considered under Enterprise Development. Net Value under Ownership at year five should be at 60%.

B-BBEE	Indicators of	Private Sector 5	Private Sector
Element	Bonus Points: Black Independent Non- Executive Board	Year Targets	Weightings
	Members	40%	1
Employment Equity	% Black People in Senior Management	43%	2.5
	% Black Women in Senior Management	22%	2.5
	² % Black People in Middle Management	63%	1.5
	% Black Women in Middle Management	32%	1.5
	% Black People in Junior Management % Black Women in	68%	1.5
	Junior Management % of Black Women	34%	1.5
	who are semi and unskilled (i.e employees below		
	junior management)	15%	2
	Black People living with disabilities as a % of all employees	2%	1
	Black Women living with disabilities as a % of all employees	1%	1
	Bonus Points: Meeting or exceeding the EAP targets in each category of employment equity		3
	Skills Development Expenditure on learning programmes		<u> </u>
	specified in the learning programme matrix for black employees as		
Skills Development	percentage of leviable amount	3%	3

² If the measured entity is unable to distinguish between Black Junior Management and Black Middle Management, both criteria may be combined into Black Junior Management which is measurable as a single indicator with a target of 68% and a weighting of 1.75%, and "Black Women Junior Management", which is measurable as a single indicator with a target of 34% and a weighting of 1.75%. In this case, the weighting for "Senior Management" will change to 4% and the weighting for "Black Women Senior Management" will change to 2.5%. No Measured Entity shall receive any points under the Employment Equity Scorecard unless they have achieved a sub-minimum of 40% of each of the targets.

17

	and the second s		
B-BBEE	Indicators of	Private Sector 5	Private Sector
Element	Empowerment Skills Development	Year Targets	Weightings
	Expenditure on		
	learning programmes		
	specified in the		
	learning programme		
	matrix for Black		
	Women employees as	•	
	percentage of leviable		
	amount	1.5%	3
	Skills Development		
	Expenditure on		
	learning programmes		
	matrix for black		
	employees with		
	disabilities as a		
	percentage of leviable amount	0.3%	1.5
	Skills Development	0.576	1.5
	Expenditure on		
	learning programmes		
	matrix for Black		
	Women employees		
	with disabilities as a		
	percentage of leviable		
	amount	0.15%	1.5
	Number of black		
	employees		
	participating in learnerships or		
	category B, C & D		
	programmes as		
	percentage of total		
	employees	5%	3
	Number of Black		
	Women employees		
	participating in		
	learnerships or		
	category B, C & D		
	programmes as		
	percentage of total	2.5%	3
	employees Procurement from all	2.0%	<u>ა</u>
	B-BBEE Compliant		
	Enterprises as defined		
	by the B-BBEE		ļ
	Recognition Levels as		
Preferential	a % of Total Measured		
Procurement	Procurement Spend	50%	12

B-BBEE Element	Indicators of Empowerment	Private Sector 5 Year Targets	Private Sector Weightings
	Procurement from B-		
	BBEE Compliant		
	QSEs and EME as defined by the B-		
	BBEE Recognition		
	Levels as a % of Total		
	Measured	400/	
	Procurement Spend Procurement from	10%	3
	50% Black-Owned as		
	a % of Total Measured	9%	3
:	Procurement Spend		
	Procurement from		
	30% Black Women-		
	Owned Enterprises as		
	a % of Total Measured	00/	0
	Procurement Spend Expenditure on	6%	2
	supplier development		
Enterprise	initiatives as a		
Development	proportion of NPAT	3% of NPAT	15
	Expenditure on social development		
	programmes as a % of		
	NPAT.		
	N.B: Expenditure on		
	programmes that address HIV/AIDS,		
	poverty alleviation,		
	community		
0	development will be		
Socio-economic Development	enhanced by a factor of 1.25	1% of NPAT	5
_ <u></u>	1. 	170 0.111711	
TOTAL			100

5. QUALIFYING SMALL ENTERPRISES SCORECARD

B-BBEE		Private Sector 5	Private Sector
Element	Indicators of Empowerment	year target	Weightings
Ownership	Exercisable voting rights in hands of black people	25% + 1 Vote	6
	Economic Interest of black people in the Enterprise	25%	9
	Realisation Points:		<u> </u>
	Ownership fulfilment		1
İ		25%	
		graduated over 10	
		years as per the Codes	
		(Year 5 at	
	Net Value	` 60%)	9
	Bonus Points: Involvement in the		
	ownership of the Enterprise by black women	10%	2
	Bonus Points: Involvement in the	1070	
	ownership of the Enterprise by		
	black participants in Employee		
	Share Schemes, Co-operatives or	400/	4
Management	Broad Based Ownership Schemes Black Representation at Top	10%	1
Control	Management level	50.1%	25
	Bonus Points: Black women		
	representation at Top-Management	25%	2
	Black Employees of the Measured		
Employment Equity	Entity who are Management as a % of all Management	40%	7.5
Lquity	Black Women Employees of the	70 /0	7.5
	Measured Entity who are		
	management as a % of all		
	Management	20%	7.5
	Black employees of the Measured Entity as a percentage of total		
	employees	60%	5
	Black Women employees of the	0070	<u> </u>
	Measured Entity as a percentage		
	of total employees	30%	5
	Bonus points: meeting or		
	exceeding the EAP targets in each category		2
	Skills Development spend on		<u> </u>
	learning programmes for Black		
Skills	employees as a percentage of the	2%	
Development	leviable/payroll		12.5

B-BBEE Element	Indicators of Empowerment	Private Sector 5 year target	Private Sector Weightings
	Skills Development spend on learning programmes for Black Women employees as a percentage of the leviable/payroll	1%	12.5
Preferential Procurement	BEE Procurement Spend from all suppliers based on the B-BBEE Procurement Recognition Levels as a percentage of Total Measured Procurement Spend	40%	25
Enterprise Development Spend	Average annual value of Qualifying Contributions made by the Measured Entity as a percentage of the target	2% of NPAT	25
Socio- Economic Development	Average annual value of Qualifying Contributions made by the Measured Entity as a percentage of the target	1% of NPAT	25
TOTAL		e di Tari	175

A QSE must select any four of the above seven elements for the purposes of measurement. If a QSE does not make a selection, its four best element scores will be used for the purposes of measurement.

MANAGEMENT CONTROL: SUB-MINIMUM TARGET MATRIX

	Voting ri Board	ghts on	Executive Directors		Senior T Manager		Other To Manage	
Year	Black people	Black Women	Black people	Black Women	Black people	Black Women	Black people	Black Women
1	10%	5%	10%	5%	8%	4%	8%	4%
2	20%	10%	20%	10%	16%	8%	16%	8%
3	30%	15%	30%	15%	24%	12%	24%	12%
4	40%	20%	40%	20%	32%	16%	32%	16%
5	50%	25%	50%	25%	40%	20%	40%	20%

6. APPENDIX A: ROAD FREIGHT SECTOR OWNER DRIVER SCHEME POLICY

6.1 Introduction

There are five available options for Empowerment:

Existing Status – employed drivers assisted through accelerated training inclusive of training related to Business Management, which should, in turn, open up opportunities for promotions and progression.

Group Incentives – collective sharing of benefits between the company and the employees.

- Collective Ownership drivers belong to a group that owns the vehicles.
- Share Ownership the group owns vehicles and has shares in the company.
- Individual Owner-Drivers.

6.2. Key Elements of an Owner-Driver Scheme

There are certain elements typically required for a successful Owner-Driver Scheme:

- Sponsoring Corporate provides the business.
- Owner-Drivers supply service.
- Owner-Driver responsibility in respect of the retention and development of the business.
- Finance House.
- Business Advisor (incorporating bookkeeper).

A Business Advisor should be an independent party and must be paid a fee, agreed by all parties, which is part of the fixed cost of an Owner-Driver's structure. While the accounting function is essential, Business Advisor's must have specific transportation and vehicle management skills.

6.3. Critical Success Factors

There are critical success factors that ensure sustainability of the Owner-Driver Scheme:

Business Training

Management Training (and business skills transfer).

Change of Mindset – empower individual and invest in asset ownership (and the promotion of independency).

Benchmark – the provisions of the relevant labour and taxation legislation must be taken into account and inform such benchmarking.

Preferential Contract, sustainable tariff and genuine independent contractor status according to the tax laws.

Transparency

- The identification of a person who will coordinate Owner-Driver Schemes and liaise between Owner-Drivers and the Principle Company or management company.
- The availability of a dedicated contract and guaranteed volumes.
- · Accreditation of management companies.
- Full ownership of the vehicle at the end of the period.
- The identification of responsibilities of Owner-Drivers regarding administrative functions.

Key Objectives

- Empowerment of the individual and his/hers heirs.
- · Variability in cost for the company.

6.4. Criteria

The Owner-Driver Scheme can work to the benefit of both company and ownerdriver, if the following issues are identified and addressed, with the aim of achieving better productivity and the inclusion of back-up arrangements:

- Training (an example of training elements for Owner-Drivers is appended)
 - o Constant review of training and training requirements.
 - o Selection criteria.
 - o Accredited training courses and service providers.
 - o Basic business skills.

• Entrepreneur

- o Mindset change of the owner-driver.
- o Mindset change of management.
- Benchmarking
- Routes
- Sustainability
- Pricing
- Contract payment cycles payment made within 14 days of date of invoice
- Uniformity of Cross Border charges
- Identification of the elements of benchmarking

6.5. Go Live

- · Pilot in an area;
- · Resign as an employee;
- Go back as an employee, if not successful as an owner-driver and;
- · Time frames and guarantees;

6.6. Owner-Driver Contract

- Should be protective to the owner-driver.
- Should also include penalties to encourage excellent performance.
- Transparency.
- Share in risks and rewards.
- · Should have payment, which is output, and results based.
- The development of standard guidelines/contract.
- Conditions pertaining to rate increases.

In order to protect transport operators from unscrupulous transport brokers the Cross Border Agency can also develop some model contracts to be signed by the parties concerned.

6.7. New Legislation

- R90 000 per annum.
- Branding on vehicles. (Specifics should be included in contract)
- Uniform to be worn to identify owner-driver.
- Communication. (Needs some clarification)
- · Requirements of the Dangerous Goods Legislation
- Statutory levies.

6.8. Benefits

- Improved efficiencies for the company.
- Increased revenue.
- Client relationship developed by the owner-driver, who would like to get the business.

6.9. Problems Faced by the Owner-Driver

- Taxation at the same rate as employees as if:
 - Owner-driver works more than 80% for one company; or
 - Owner-driver has less than 4 employees
- Funding
- Freight rates
- · Payment of invoices
- Vehicle replacement has to be budgeted for. (need some clarification)
- The Cross Border Costs
- Input and effort of the owner-driver is required, especially in the first year.
- Timorously payment of Owner-Drivers

6.10. Conclusion

An Owner-Driver Scheme can work very well, if it is a joint effort between management and labour and not meant as a means of shifting the burden of cost by the employer. If the objective of an Owner-Driver Scheme is primarily aimed at empowerment, that would yield investment, efficiency and facilitation of asset ownership, from which both parties.

7. APPENDIX B: COMMITMENT EVALUATION MATRICES

Ownership

Action Undertaken	Input measurement	Output measurement	Quality Control
Develop financing mechanisms for B-BBEE companies to achieve equity ownership	Money spent on research and implementation of mechanisms as a % of total discretionary funds	Report to Steering Committee/Transport Charter Council on improvement (percentage change) in black shareholding.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council and Industry

Employment Equity

Action Undertaken	Input measurement	Output measurement	Quality Control
Department of Labor to ensure that employment equity targets are met.	Money spent on research survey as a % of total discretionary funds	Assessment Report on employment equity targets for black people within the industry to be handed to Committee/ Transport Charter Council.	TETA & Committee/ Transport Charter Council

Skills Development

Action Undertaken	Input measurement	Output measurement	Quality Control
Implement skills audit to identify management, professional and technical skills that will be required over the next decade.	Money spent on research as a % of total discretionary funds	Analysis and forecasts to be presented to Steering Committee and TETA.	TETA & Committee/ Transport Charter Council
Develop training programmes to improve the business management skills of owner-drivers.	Money spent on skills development as a % of total discretionary funds	Assessment Report on management skills of owner-drivers within the industry to be handed to Committee/ Transport Charter Council	TETA & Committee/ Transport Charter Council

Preferential Procurement

Action Undertaken Input measurement measurement Control

92 No. 32511

ROAD FREIGHT SUB-SECTOR CODE FOR BBBEE

Ensure that uniform accounting practices regarding preferential procurement are adopted by public sector agencies.	Money spent on research as a % of total discretionary funds	Assessment Report on accounting practices regarding preferential procurement submitted to Committee/ Transport Charter Council.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council
Identify opportunities in which quick results can be achieved through procurement from B-BBEE companies.	Money spent on research as a % of total discretionary funds	Research Report, together with suggestions handed to Committee/ Transport Charter Council.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council
Adopt the guidelines set out by the Transport Sector BEE Council on Accounting for Affirmative Procurement.	Money spent on training and administrative costs in adopting guidelines.	Assessment Report on adherence to guidelines within the industry.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council

Enterprise Development

Action Undertaken	Input measurement	Output measurement	Quality Control
Create joint ventures with and invest directly in black owned enterprises.	Annex 600A (Benefit Factor Matrix) of the Codes shall apply	Report to Steering Committee on improvement (percentage change) in new entities created.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council
Research ways in which non-core activities such as workshops, certain maintenance functions and security services can be subcontracted to B-BBEE enterprises.	Money spent on research as a % of total discretionary funds	Research Report, together with suggestions handed to Committee/ Transport Charter Council.	TETA & Committee/ Transport Charter Council

Socio-economic Development

Action Undertaken	Input measurement	Output measurement	Quality Control
Improve socio- development contributions on poverty alleviation and community development	Percentage Net profit after tax on relevant contributions.	Report to Steering Committee on contributions made	Committee/ Transport Charter Council
Implement labour practices in line with labour legislation.	Money spent on awareness campaigns and legal and administrative fees as a % of total discretionary funds	Report to Committee/ Transport Charter Council on adherence to labour legislation.	Committee/ Transport Charter Council

Ensure non – discrimination against employees living with HIV/AIDS. Percentage Net profit after tax spent on HIV/AIDS education and surveys on attitude towards people living with HIV/AIDS.

Report to Committee/ Transport Charter Council on attitudes toward people living with HIV/AIDS.

Committee/ Transport Charter Council