

GUIDELINES ON TRANSITIONAL MEASURES FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ZONES INTERMS OF SECTION 39 OF THE SEZ ACT NO. 16 OF 2014 (the Act) AND REGULATIONS MADE IN TERMS OF THE ACT

1. Background

- 1.1 The Special Economic Zones Act, No. 16 of 2014 (the Act) commenced by Presidential Proclamation on 9 February 2016. The Act introduces a new regulatory framework for the planning, design, development, management and operations of Special Economic Zones. This new regulatory framework replaces the old regulatory framework for Industrial Development Zones, which was based on the Industrial Development Zones Regulations.
- 1.2 The gap between the new Special Economic Zones regulatory framework and the old Industrial Development Zones regulatory framework is so significant that it is unlikely for most industrial development zones to comply with the new requirements since the commencement of the Act.
- 1.3 The Guidelines on Transitional Measures for Industrial Development Zones are therefore necessary to facilitate a smooth transition for IDZs so that they can gradually and systematically move towards and achieve full compliance with the new regulatory framework, without compromising their operations.

2. Key Sections Impacting on Transition

Since the commencement of the Act, **the dti** has been engaging IDZ Operators and affected provinces. In these engagements, it became apparent that while transitional measures may arise from the application of certain sections of the Act, there are some elements of the transition that are more challenging for the IDZ

Operators and Provinces. Sections 25, 31 and 39 of the Act are the sections that directly impact on transitional measures, and thus require more attention due to some complexities with regards to both interpretation and implementation.

3. Section 25

- 3.1 This Section regulates the establishment of an SEZ Entity by the licensee. The key issues in this Section are the following:
 - (i) The Establishment of an SEZ Entity to take responsibility for the overall strategic direction, focus and operations of the relevant zone;
 - (ii) The SEZ Entity must have full ownership or control of the designated area;
 - (iii) The schedule status of the SEZ Entity; and
 - (iv) The appointment of a Board for the SEZ Entity, referred to as the SEZ Board.
- 3.2 New applications for the designation of Special Economic Zones will always indicate who the SEZ Entity (the envisaged SEZ License Holder) shall be. However, with respect to the old IDZs, an IDZ Operator would have been designated in the application instead of an SEZ License Holder.
- 3.3 The separation of a SEZ Entity (Licensee) and the SEZ Operator can be achieved without necessarily creating a new agency. A province may designate any of its existing agencies to assume the role of the SEZ Entity.

4. Section 31

- 4.1 This Section mainly regulates the appointment of a SEZ Operator by the Holder of a SEZ License. It must be noted that this Section does not directly affect any transitional issue, though such inferences arising out of misinterpretation seem to be common. The key provisions in this Section are:
 - (i) Appointment of an SEZ Operator through a process that is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective; and
 - (ii) The additional provision in this Section is that a Public-Private Partnership arrangement is possible for an SEZ Operator.

- 4.2 The main challenges for current IDZ Operators and provinces with respect to this Section purely arise from misinterpretation and consequently lead to the following wrong conclusions:
 - (i) Following the process may lead to the demise of the existing operators as their appointment is not guaranteed; and
 - (ii) Consequently, this may lead to the loss of capacity that took years to develop and accumulate.

5. Section 39

- 5.1 This Section mainly regulates the transitional process and specifies key themes as follows:
- 5.1.1 **Applicability**: The transitional measures and requirements are only applicable to:
 - (i) Industrial Development Zones designated in terms of the Industrial Development Zones Regulations and operational when the new SEZ Act becomes effective:
 - (ii) Industrial Development Zones Enterprises duly approved to locate in an IDZ, and fully operational on the date of commencement of the Act; and
 - (iii) Provincial authorities which oversee the operations of an Industrial Development Zone.
- 5.1.2 **Duration of the transition period**: The period of the transition is three years from the date of commencement of the Act.
- 5.1.3 **Topics**: The following topics are covered in the Section:
 - (i) Conversion of an Industrial Development Zone into a Special Economic Zone;
 - (ii) Conversion of an Industrial Development Zone into a Special Economic Zone Operator Permit;
 - (iii) Conversion of an Industrial Development Zone Enterprise into a Special Economic Zone Enterprise; and

(iv) Development and submission of a Transitional Plan (covered in the SEZ Regulations).

5.1.4 Incidental Transitional matters

- 5.1.4.1 There are many sections of the Act that may indirectly impact on transitional arrangements, depending on the policy and strategy choices that Provinces, through the relevant Executive Authority, and IDZs may opt for.
- 5.1.4.2 It is important to note that it is not a "MUST" for these matters to be included in the transitional arrangements. They will only arise from decisions taken, and should such matters arise, they should be included in the transitional arrangements or Transitional Plan.
- 5.1.4.3 The following are examples and should be read and interpreted as ONLY EXAMPLES and such incidents are not expected or encouraged to occur:
 - (a) A decision to discontinue the services of a current IDZ Operator will trigger some or all of the following:
 - (i) The appointment of a new SEZ Operator in the manner outlined in Section 31;
 - (ii) Transfer of Operator Permit from the current Operator to the NEW OPERATOR; or
 - (iii) Application for a new SEZ Operator Permit.
 - (b) A decision to dissolve the Board of an IDZ Operator will trigger the appointment of a new Board.
 - (c) A decision to shift the geographic boundaries of an IDZ will trigger the following:
 - (i) The withdrawal of the designation of that IDZ, and possibly; and
 - (ii) An application to designate the new geographic location.

6. The Guidelines

- 6.1 In order to contribute to efforts to address the identified challenges, the Guidelines have to deal with both interpretation and substantive issues, and thus provide a clear set of actions that are required in each case.
- 6.2 Section 25 matters and their implications in respect of existing Industrial Development Zones:

Issue	Requirement	Action	Responsibility
1. Establishment	The License	Each province must	MECs responsible
of an SEZ	Holder to	designate an entity	for Economic
Entity	establish an SEZ	which will be the	Development
	Entity which will	SEZ License	
	take overall	Holder.	
	responsibility for		
	the strategic		
	direction and		
	performance of		
	the zone, as well		
	as other related		
	responsibilities.		
		Note that a	
		government	
		department cannot	
		be a SEZ Licensee	
		as the Licensee	
		(SEZ Entity) must	
		have its own Board.	
		Each province must	MECs responsible
		then notify the	for Economic
		Minister in writing	Development
		as to which entity	
		has been	

			designated by the	
			Province.	
			Minister issues the	Minister of Trade
			SEZ License to the	and Industry
			designated entities.	
2.	Appointment of	License Holder	The Licensee	MEC responsible
	an SEZ Board	must appoint an	appoints the Board	for Economic
	for the SEZ	SEZ Board which	following the	Development
	Entity	must be	standard process	
		responsible for the	but taking into	
		efficient	account the	
		governance and	diversity and	
		management of	complexity of skills	
		the business	required for the	
		affairs of the SEZ	purposes of SEZ	
		Entity.	planning, design,	
			development,	
			management and	
			operations.	
3.	Scheduling of	Section 25(2)	(1) SEZ Entity	SEZ Entity
	the SEZ Entity	states that: In	applies to	Management/Board
	as a business	case of a national	National	
	enterprise	or provincial	Treasury for the	
		government or	scheduling of	
		public entity; the	the SEZ Entity.	
		SEZ Entity must		
		be a business		
		enterprise as		
		contemplated in		
		section 1 of the		
		PFMA (3D).		
			(2) Note that the	
			scheduling of	
			public entities is	

			the competence	
			of National	
			Treasury and not the dti .	
			Therefore the	
			dti shall accept	
			any scheduling	
			decision by	
			National	
			Treasury.	
4.	Attaining full	Section 25(1)(b)	Ownership of the	Licensee and
	ownership or	states that: the	designated area:	development
	control of the	Licensee must	(1) Transfer of title	partners (e.g. a
	designated	provide resources	deed of the	municipality or
	area	for the operations	land to the SEZ	Dept. of Public
		of the envisaged	Entity following	Works, etc.
		zone including the	due process for	
		transfer of	the disposal of	
		ownership or	public assets.	
		control of the		
		designated area.		
			Control of the	SEZ Entity and
			designated area:	Land owner
			(2) SEZ Entity and	
			Landowner to	
			enter into a	
			lease	
			agreement	
			giving full rights	
			to use and	
			develop the	
			land to the SEZ	
			Entity.	

6.3 Section 39 matters

Iss	sue	Requirement	Action	Responsibility
1.	Conversion of	Any Industrial	None – Section 39(2)	
	an Industrial	Development Zone	states:	
	Development	designated in	Any designation of	
	Zone into a	terms of the IDZ	an IDZ which is	
	Special	Regulations and	force prior to the	
	Economic	operational	new Act, remains	
	Zone	immediately before	in force and must	
		the SEZ Act	be regarded as a	
		becomes	designation under	
		operational, must	the new Act.	
		be converted into		
		an SEZ in terms of the SEZ Act.		
2.	Conversion of	Any IDZ Operator	None – Section 39(3)	
۷.	an IDZ	Permit issued in	states:	
	Operator	terms of the IDZ	Any IDZ Operator	
	Permit into an	Regulations must	Permit issued	
	SEZ Operator	be converted into	under IDZ	
	Permit	an SEZ Operator	Regulations which	
		Permit in terms of	is in force	
		the SEZ Act.		
			immediately before	
			the new Act comes	
			into operation;	
			remains in force	
			and must be	
			regarded as an	
			SEZ Operator	
			Permit issued	
			under the new Act.	

			It should also be	
			noted that there is no	
			expectation that a	
			new process of	
			appointing an SEZ	
			Operator after the	
			three (3) years of the	
			transitional period.	
3.	Issuing of	Minister of Trade	Each province must	MECs
	SEZ License	and Industry must	designate an entity	responsible for
		issue an SEZ	which will be the SEZ	Economic
		License to an SEZ	License Holder.	Development
		Entity.		
			Each province must	MECs
			then notify the	responsible for
			Minister in writing as	Economic
			to which entity has	Development
			been designated by	
			the Province.	
			Minister issues the	Minister of Trade
			SEZ License to the	and Industry
			designated entities.	
4.	Conversion of	Enterprises	None - Section 39(4)	
	an IDZ	approved to locate	states that: Any IDZ	
	Enterprise into	and operating in	enterprise approved	
	an SEZ	an Industrial	to be located in an	
	Enterprise	Development	IDZ under the IDZ	
		Zone, and	Regulations before	
		operational when	this Act comes into	
		the SEZ Act	operation, must be	
		becomes	regarded as a	
		operational must	business approved to	
		be converted into	be located in a	

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	SEZ Enterprises.	Special Economic	
		Zone in terms of this	
		Act.	
		However, it must be	
		noted that approval	
		to locate in an SEZ is	
		not a qualification for	
		SEZ incentives as	
		these are conditional.	
5. Transitional	IDZs designated in	Development of a	IDZ CEO
Plan	terms of the IDZ	IDZ Transitional	
	Regulations must	Plan.	
	ensure		
	development of a		
	Transitional Plan.		
		Approval of the	IDZ CEO
		Transitional Plan by	
		IDZ Board and MEC.	
	Submission of IDZ	Submission of the	IDZ CEO
	Transitional Plan	IDZ Transitional Plan	
	to Director-	to Director-General	
	General of Trade	of Trade and Industry	
	and Industry	by 28 th Feb 2017.	
	Implementation of	Implementation of all	IDZ
	IDZ Transitional	actions identified in	CEO/Economic
	Plan.	the IDZ Transitional	Development
		Plan.	Dept/Other
			Agencies
	Reporting on the	Submission of an	IDZ
	implementation of	Annual Report to DG	CEO/Economic
	the IDZ	- Trade and Industry.	Development
	Transitional Plan.		Dept/Other
			Agencies
